KERN COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSION January 1, 1932

By: Lewis A. Burtch, Agricultural Commissioner

The total value of agricultural crops, exclusive of live stock and dairy production, in Kern County for the year 1932 is \$6,531,643. This valuation is based on the average f.c.b. prices received by the growers at thipping point and does not include the cost of transportation and marketing. It is lower than the total value of agricultural crops in the county for a number of years past. This is due to the present economic conditions prevailing throughout the country and not because of any shortage in production or lack of quality.

The total production of crops this year exceeded that of last year in volume and the quality was better than any we have produced in a great many years past.

our production this year being about 500 cars more than last year and of better quality. The total produced was 3,502 cars of fresh grapes and 9,093 tons of raisins valued at \$2,456,406.

Cotton continues to follow in second place. Our production this year was 40,000 bales from 35,000 acres, which is still a world's record in pounds of lint per acre, and is valued at \$1,640,000. This includes the cotton seed. Alfalfa is third in value, producing 177,664 tons from 29,613 acres valued at \$1,243,768. Potatoes are fourth with a production of 2,572 railway cars from 4,541 acres and are valued at \$585,462.

The prices obtained for farm products were exceedingly low and few of the farmers showed a profit on their operation. However, despite these critical conditions, there seems to have

been some compensating factors for in many instances production costs are reported as reduced, either by good management or by force of necessity. The condition of agriculture in Kern County is better than it is in most other agricultural counties, and is in better condition than most of the industries. The fact has been demonstrated that we can produce a large crop per acre and produce it earlier than most of the competing production areas and due to our favorable climatic conditions are able to harvest our crops without much loss from the elements. This year was exceptionally favorable for production and no lesses were occasioned by rain, hail, wind or frost.

There were practically no crops left in the field unhervested this year in spite of the discouragingly low prices prevailing, the farmers feeling that in a year like this that every salable product should be gathered and sold.

We are exceptionally free from dangerous insect pests and plant diseases which exist in other states and in other parts of California. The grape phylloxera, which has caused so much damage to vineyards in other parts of California, does not exist in Kern County. The cotton boll weevil and pink boll worm, which are such destructive factors in the major cotton producing states do not exist here. The alfalfa weevil does not exist in Kern County, yet it causes tremendous losses in other states and has invaded northern parts of California. We are free from infestations of the Colorade potate beetle which causes a severe loss to potatess in other states.

I cannot take the space in this article to enumorate the many dangerous insect rests and plant discusses which occur in other localities that do not exist here but have already mentioned one for each of our four major crops. Freedom from these posts is largely responsible for our greeter production of these webs in Kern County. This position is largely due to the vigilance of the inspection service maintained by this department which is for the protection of agriculture and to prevent the introduction from other et: tes and localities of these dangerous insects and plant diseases. Our department maintains quarantines against every state in the union for some dangerous insect or disease of plants known to exist there and not in our stie. In carrying out this work we make an inspection of all plants shipped into the county by postal, freight, express or other common carriers and all individuals are required to report any plant products which they bring in other than by common carriers. We also inspect all nursery atook and products produced within the county and offered for sale to the growers in order that they may be assured that they are planting this stock free from insects and diseases. We also require the control or eradication of nests which are already existent in the county. One of the important posts is the elm leaf beetle, which, if it were not for our annual epray program, would entirely defoliate every elm tree in the county.

We are required to make field inspections and where there exists dangerous insect posts, plant diseases or animals, require the owner of the property to control or eradicate these Pege... 4

pests for the protestion of adjacent or neighboring areas. In this activity we poison annually about one half million acres of land that is infested with ground squirrels. The annual damage to agricultural crops has been many times the cost of control work. We have been able to reduce both the agricultural damage and the cost of control work many times during the past few years. In addition to the damage which these pests do to agricultural crops, they are known to be carriers of dangerous discurses to the human race such as bubonic plague, Rocky Mountain a cotted fewer and Tulereamia. These conditions alone would justify the expense of rodent control if they committed no damage to agriculture. We have been able through the Farm Bureau to purchase polson materials at wholesals prices. They were sold to the farmers at cost, making an annual saving to them of many thousands of dollars.

we inspect all shipments of seed to provent the introduction of dangerous noxious weeds which have oftentimes been established in a clean area by means of this manner of distribution.

Apiery inspection is another phase of our activities and by the inspection of some 5,000 colonies of bees we have reduced the infestation of American foulbrood which causes great fine noial losses to the backseper to a point where little damage is done. The value of the honey crop this year is \$16,300 which would have been materially less were it not for the control of foulbrood.

We inspect all shipments of fruits and vegetables, both for the protection of the grower and the consuming public,

aight be infested with insects, rots, frost damage or other conditions. We inspected approximately 9,000 cars of fruits and vegetables leaving the county, as well as all incoming fruits and vegetables, both from a plant quarantine standpoint and fruit and vegetable standardization work.

We rejected many shipments due to lack of maturity and because of over-tolerance of other serious defects and intercepted many shipments coming into the county infested with red scale, purple scale, mealybugs and many other serious pests not known to exist in Kern County.

We also not as a clearing house for complaints of growers to the Division of Markets who enforce the provisions of the Produce Dealers' Act and in many cases have returned money to the grower which he was entitled to and otherwise could not collect.

We maintain two expert trappers in predatory animal control work. These men have rendered a very valuable service to the livestock industry of our county and la t year killed about 450 coyotes and 200 bobcats. This method of predatory animal control was substituted for the old system of paying bounties and has proven much more effective and valuable to the livestock interests.

We are required to issue certificates on shipments leaving our county for markets in other states. Practically all of the pote-to crop grown here is sold in the northwestern states who require a certificate of inspection from point of origin and vacuum fumisation before entering their state.

If it were not for this service rendered by our decertment the growers would be unable to market their cross in these states where they can obtain the best prices. We are also required to examine and issue certificates to persons engaged for hire in the control of plant posts and to supervise their work and revoke their license to operate if improper materials or work is employed. This affords a valuable protection to growers.

Agriculture is fast becoming Korn County's greatest and most important industry, and upon the prosperity of agriculture will depend the prosperity of Korn County.

As our agriculture develops we hope to keep the advantageous position which we now hold in being free from most of the serious insect posts and plant diseases by keeping our fields and orghards free from most of the serious insect posts and plant diseases.

ACREAGE, PRODUCTION & VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL GROPS FOR YEAR 1932

| Srog. | ASTERIA | Production | Unit Yalus | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| DECIDUOUS FRUI | The sale states | | | |
| Apples Apricots Apricots - dri Berries Cherries Figs Figs dried Olives Pesches Pesches Persimmons Plums Pomegranates Prunes Walnuts Almonds Other Fruits | 577 10302 ed 60 45 1351 7411 10532 737 14944 79 1944 79 1944 68 1674 | 4,620 boxes 1,953 tons 150 tons 50 tons 60 tons 260 tons 260 tons 1,603 tons 50 tons 50 tons 50 tons 1,025 tons 100 tons 17 tons 22 tons 900 tons | \$1.25 20.00 40.00 300.09 Acre 160.00 90.00 45.00 70.00 40.00 40.00 52.00 50.00 200.00 40.00 | \$ 5.775 39,060 6,000 15,000 5,400 11,700 18,200 112,210 22,704 2,000 81,000 16,224 5,000 4,400 4,400 36,000 \$396,093 |
| CITRUS | | | | |
| Grapefruit Lemons Oranges Tangerines | 1328 1328 14623 | 3,696 boxes 100 boxes 92,400 boxes 6,000 lugs | 3.35 3.00 3.67 | 12,382 300 339,108 6.600 358,390 |
| GRAPES | | | | |
| Table Wine Raisin ² Dry Raisins | 6849 2763† 7932† 17545 | 16,240 tons 11,134 tons 18,159 tons 9,093 tons | 50.00 22.00 32.00 90.00 | \$512,000 244,945 551,085 515,370 2,456,405 |
| <u> Melons</u> | | | | |
| Cantaloupes Watermelons Other Melons | 540 1928 291 2759 | 66, 95 crates 11,520 tons 1,183 tons | .90% 8.00 8.00 | 59,864 92,160 9,464 \$161,488 |

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| Vecesables. | | | | | I WATE CONTRACTOR |
| Potatoes Cabbage Carrots Cucumbers Lettuse Onions Sweet Potatoes String Beans Tomatoes Cauliflewer Peas Beans Asparagus Other Vegetables | 4, 841 20 211 375 1969 5 104 142 3769 | 18,600 13,400 40,000 650 | tons orates lugs orates bushel lugs lugs orates | .75 .50 .57 .50 .50 .75 .80 | \$1,366,253 |
| FIETD CROPS | | | | | |
| Cotton Cotton Seed Grain Hay Alfalfa Bliage Crops Nursary Stock Mint Honey | 35,000 1,700 29,614 2,000 150 | 40,000 20,000 2,550 177,684 3,000 | tons tons tons | 100.00 | 1,400,000 240,000 15,300 1,243,788 21,000 Agre 20,000 15,000 |
| Barley Milo, etc., Wheat | 1,500 23,500 57,500 62,500 | 37,500 510,000 432,250 | sa cks sacks | .85 .70 1.00 | \$2,971,888 31,875 357,000 432,250 8 821,125 |
| Total Acroage All Crops | 188,047 | | Total | Value all Ci | rops \$8,537,643 |

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| Lettuce | 106 | 54 | 160 |
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| mions | 2768 | 175 | 4534 |
|) | 157 \$ | 69 | 220 |
| Peaches | 58 | 77 | 135 |
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| Total Shipments | 6,510 | 2,842 | 9,352 |